

# Intractable disputes: the obstacle course in private law children cases. Will recent guidance and new initiatives flatten the course?

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# Intractable disputes? Long running cases?

- 1. Cases where the a is refusing contact:
  - a. alienating behaviours, OR
  - b. another reason.
- 2. Domestic abuse.
- 3. Repeated applications.
- 4. *Delay....*



## Alienating behaviours

#### FJC Guidance, December 2024:

A court would therefore need to be satisfied that three elements are established before it could conclude that Alienating Behaviours had occurred:

- 1) the child is reluctant, resisting or refusing to engage in, a relationship with a parent or carer; and
- 2) 2) the reluctance, resistance or refusal is not consequent on the actions of that parent towards the child or the other parent, which may therefore be an appropriate justified rejection by the child (AJR see Glossary above), or is not caused by any other factor such as the child's alignment, affinity or attachment (AAA see Glossary above); and
- 3) 3) the other parent has engaged in behaviours that have directly or indirectly impacted on the child, leading to the child's reluctance, resistance or refusal to engage in a relationship with that parent.

See also: Re S (Parental Alienation: Cult): [2020] EWCA Civ 568.



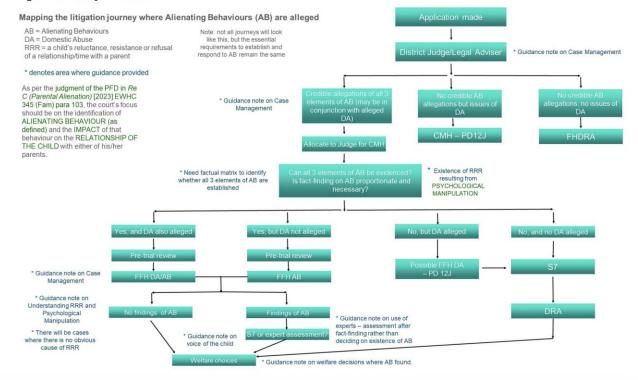
# Reluctance, resistance or refusal ('RRR')

Behaviours by a child concerning their relationship with, or spending time with, a parent, which may have a **variety of potential causes**.



# Alienating Behaviours

#### 2. Litigation Journey Overview





### Alienating Behaviours

ie.

- 1. On allocation, allocate to a Judge for CMH. IF all three elements established.
- 2. Consider at that hearing if on the basis what is alleged, can the elements of AB be established.
- 3. Consider if allegations of domestic abuse also made.
- 4. Is a fact-finding proportionate/necessary?
- 5. PTR.
- 6. FFH.
- 7. If findings made s7, or expert assessment. NOTE. Expert assessment AFTER fact-find.



#### Domestic Abuse

Re HN.

PD12J.

K v K [2022] EWCA Civ 468

Cafcass Domestic Abuse Practice Policy, January 2025.



# Costs – discouraging spurious allegations?

'There is a general practice of not awarding costs against a party in family proceedings concerning children, but the court retains a discretion to do so in exceptional circumstances. These include cases in which a party has been guilty of reprehensible or unreasonable behaviour in relation to the proceedings. This practice applies equally in public law and private law proceedings, and irrespective of whether a party is legally aided. Nor is there any difference in principle between fact-finding hearings and other hearings.'

Re E (Children: Costs) [2025] EWCA Civ 183 per Jackson LJ



# Enforcement – encouraging obedience?

Cases that continue post final orders...

- S.11J orders enforcing existing child arrangements orders
- court has to be satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that a person has failed to comply with the provisions of a CAO, and the person did so without reasonable excuse.

S.110 – orders to compensate for financial loss

• court has to be satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that a CAO has been breached, and that the applicant has suffered financial loss as a result.



## Discouraging parties from coming back - S91(14)

CA 1989 s.91(14):

'On disposing of any application for an order under this Act, the court may (whether or not it makes any other order in response to the application) order that no application for an order under this Act of any specified kind may be made with respect to the child concerned by any person named in the order without leave of the court.'

CA 1989 s.91A – the court may make a s.91(14) order if it is satisfied an application would put the child concerned or another individual at risk of harm.



#### Harm Report

2020

Reform to the Child Arrangements Programme:

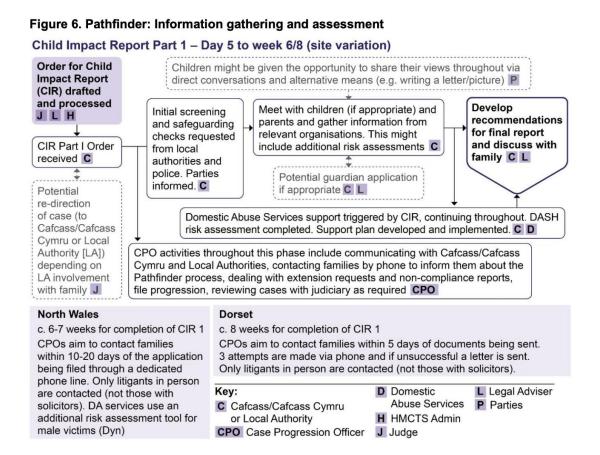
Family courts should pilot and deliver a reformed Child Arrangements Programme in private law children cases, that is safety-focussed, trauma aware and takes a problem solving approach.

•The Child Arrangements Programme should incorporate a procedure for identifying abusive applications and managing them swiftly to a summary conclusion.

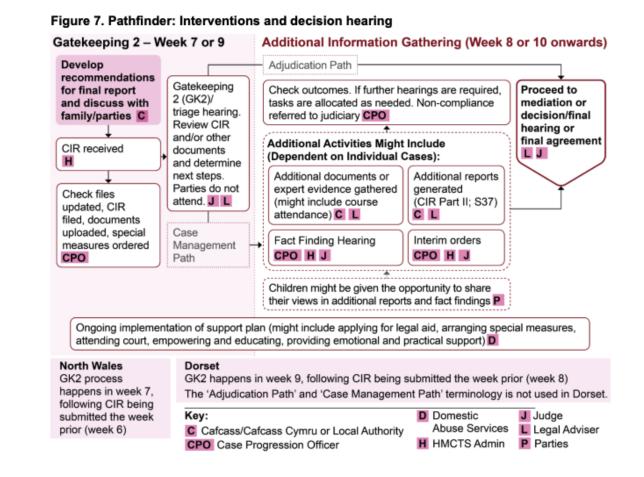


Figure 5. Pathfinder: Application and initial gatekeeping Application/Triage - Day 1 Gatekeeping 1 - Days 1-5 **Dispute Resolution Services: attend** Consent Parties notified & sent mediation & consider parenting plan P **Order Case** information booklet. Date concludes for Gatekeeping 2 (GK2) C100 application hearing listed J L H made to court P Is an urgent Order for Court receive Application Is an urgent issue **Child Impact** application & conduct reviewed issue identified? initial checks CPO H Report (CIR) identified J L CPO H drafted and & granted? Information processed Send back to CPO P provided CPO H applicant for more Submit information or application mediation attendance application or exemption if not complete? Gatekeeping Order made &/or urgent provided CPO H CPO H 1 (GK1) directions parties hearing phase held. Urgent issue resolved Information not CPO H JH provided Case concludes Dorset Cafcass are provided with a draft copy of the application or order. HMCTS Admin later **North Wales** process the Order and send the sealed version. Follow urgent process (as above) and also send completed This is intended to be a short-term measure to checklist to GK email box with subject field marked 'urgent'. mitigate delays due to under-staffing. Key: **H** HMCTS Admin Legal Adviser P Parties **CPO** Case Progression Officer J Judge D Domestic Abuse Services











- 1. Urgent issue straight for case management
- 2. If not urgent: Child Impact Report.
- 3. Gatekeeping:
  - a. Case Management Path [query. if that happens with parties in attendance] OR
  - a. Final Decision Hearing.



#### Further reform?

Public Accounts Committee.



#### **Questions?**

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